PEDIGREE OF HENRY HARDIN SALLEE

with

COLLATERAL LINES

Floyd Beverly Bolton

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Hammond, Indiana

Sallee and Athaline first cousins. These intermarriages are the result of the history of Manakintown, Virginia, which was settled by some 500 French Huguenots in 1700. Since this colony was small, the colonists spoke a different language than their neighbors, and their religious faith was different, intermarriages are quite understandable.

It is also understandable that the descendants of these Huguenots have formed The Huguenot Society of the Founders of Manakin in the
Colony of Virginia. One result of these circumstances is that several publications are in existence which present an adequate account of the pedigree
of Martha Bondurant so that all this pedigree needs to do is to demonstrate
that she belongs among the descendants of Jean Pierre Bondurant. This will
be done in the next chapter. A brief annotated bibliography follows which
lists publications which contain accounts about the individuals who are
believed to be her ancestors.

- 1. A Record of the Agee Family, James W. Agee, 1893.
- 2. Dr. P. M. Agee, The Agee Family.
- 3. Robert Alonzo Brock, <u>Documents</u>, <u>Chiefly Unpublished</u>, <u>Relating to the Huguenot Emigration to Virginia and the Settlement at Manakin-town</u>, 1886.
- 4. The Douglas Register, Clergyman's record of baptisms, deaths, etc., at King William Parish, the parish to which most of the Huguenots belonged.
- 5. Mary Bondurant Eppling, Jean Pierre Bondurant, M. D., A Huguenot and His Family, 1973
- 6. Hester E. Garrett, A Book of Garretts, contains sections about the Agee, Bondurant, Chastain, and Salle families among others.
- 7. Nadine Hodges, <u>Missouri Pioneers</u>, specific mention of John Sally, Henry Sally, William Sally, Henry Clanton, and Edward Leavell. Shows paucity of data for Montgomery county, Missouri.
- 8. The Huguenot, a magazine published by the Society for about 15 years.
- 9. Flora Fore Richardson, The Huguenot Family of Faure and Allied Lines.
- 10. Virginia Historical Collections
- 11. Virginia Magazine of History and Biography.

The birth of Isaac Salle on 5 8ber, 1734, is reported by Brock. The will of Pierre Salle, his father, dated 24 December, 1750, bequeathed 400 acres on Troublesome Creek, Albemarle county, to be divided equally between Isaac and his brother, Abraham. On May 8, 1759, he married Elizabeth Brian(t). On 9 September, 1777, he was willed ten pounds by his mother, Frances Bondurant Salle. There is a record of a land grant for 333 acres in Buckingham county which had been created in 1761, in part from Albemarle county. According to records of land assessments in Buckingham county beginning in 1782, Isaac had acquired a plantation (or plantations) with an acreage of 1261. The list of tithables for the same period shows Isaac reporting:

1782	2 17	790	2, J. Bailey
3	0	1	3
4	1	2	1
5	2	3	1 (Henry Salle listed alone)
6	1	4	1
7	2	5	2
8	3, H.S., I. Goode	6	2, Isaac, Jr.
9	3, H. Salle, John Goode		

In 1783, a Stephen Salle is reported but not near the listing for Isaac. Will Book 5, p. 352, has Isaac signing the will of John Burton as a witness, and he was involved in the will of William Smith, 2 October, 1800, in Chesterfield county. Finally, the 1810 census for Buckingham county has an Isaac listed:

This suggests that he was living with one or more of his children and that Elizabeth was dead. The number of tithables indicates there might have been as many as eight male children. the non-Salle names could have been either sons-in-law or employees. Certainly they had one son named Isaac; almost certainly one was named Henry; and possibly one named Stephen (The neighbor of Henry on Silver Creek in Madison county, Kentucky). Several Kentucky genealogists thought they were brothers. The family of Stephen will be discussed in Chapter IX.

^{1.} Brock, R. A., Ibid., p. 90.

^{2.} Douglas Register, p. 42.

^{3.} Virginia Land Office, Commonwealth Land Grants, Book 9.

Because the Buckingham county courthouse was burned in 1869 and all records were destroyed, it is not possible to provide legal evidence as to whether or not Henry Salle, No. 8, is the Henry Salle who, apparently, was the son of Isaac Salle, No. 16. The following facts indicate that he was.

- 1. The listing of Henry Salle as head of a family in 1793 is consistent with the fact that his oldest child was born between 1790-1795 according to the 1810 census.
- 2. Miss Ireland quotes her Aunt Jerdenia as saying:

The Henry Salle's were slave owners living on a 'large place'. Was it just a home, or a plantation, or farm? No one tells us but grandmother speaks of many negroes and extensive land.

Isaac's holdings fit this description best of the Buckingham county Salle's.

3. Apparently, Henry and Martha named three of their children after members of Isaac's family:

Frances

Isaac's mother

Isaac

Isaac

Elizabeth

Isaac's wife

4. Isaac Salle and Thomas M. Bondurant, apparent father of Martha Bundren, were first cousins and lived in the same area, so Henry and Martha would have had many contacts.

As point four above suggests, there is no positive proof that Martha was the daughter of Thomas Bondurant. However, there is a record of his family which follows.

- 1. Note that the fifth child, called Pollie, married a Salle and moved to Missouri as did Henry and Martha. This parallelism is quite convincing evidence.
- 2. The fact that the Bondurant record gives Pollie as the name of the daughter is counter-indicative because Pollie is usually a nickname for Mary. In this instance, the oldest child is called Mollie, also a nickname for Mary. Since Mollie, John, and James (siblings of Pollie) named a child "Martha", it seems very probable that "Pollie's" real name was Martha.
- Again, several children of Hanry and Martha were given Bondurant family names.

Rhoda

Pollie's mother

John

Pollie's brother and grandfather

Sarah

Pollie's sister

Moses

Pollie's brother-in-law.

4. The 1850 census gives Virginia as the place of birth of Martha, Henry, and their son, Moses.

These eight pieces of circumstantial evidence constitute a configuration which makes it extremely probable that Henry Salle and Martha

^{1.} Ireland, Ibid., p. 10.

,	FAMILY GROUP No	1	Husban	d's F	ull Name	Miles Thomas M. Bondu	rant, N_0 .	18				
	This Information Obtained From:	Husband's Cata	Day Mont	h Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. Info. on Husband				
	Mary EonDurant Epling,		ca	1744			Virginia					
		Chr'nd		1000								
	A Huguenot and His Fam-		ca	1770			Virginia					
	<u>ily</u> , p. 10	Death		1829		Buckingham	Virginia					
		Burial			<u> </u>							
3			of Reside		Church Affili	ation Meth. Epis.	Military Rec					
2			ves, il any. No.		Charles Arthr	acton 110 date 12 page	Williary Rec.					
•					urant.	Mother's Maiden Na	me Sarah Ro	ahel Tarrles				
Ž .		11014	His Father John Bondurant Mother's Maiden Name Sarah Rachel Tayloe									
		1 '	Wife's	Full I	Maiden Nam	e Rhoda Agee						
HELPER, Sond alogical olds.		Wife's Data	Day Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add, Info, on Wife				
DOICAL My Eme		Birth	ca	1750			Virginia					
X	•	Chr'nd			:							
CEN		Death	21 June	1845	:	Buckingham	Virginia					
THE GENEALC		Burial										
	Compiler	Places	of Reside	nce								
2 m	Address		ation if oth			Church Affili	ation					
11	City, State		sbands, if any.									
	Date	Her Fa	ather Jan	ies Ag	ee	Mother's Maiden Na	me Mary Far	ure				
Sex		Children's Data	Day Mont	h Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. Info. on Childs				
	1	Birth	3 May,	1771			Virginia					
F	Mollie	Mar.		1791			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
	Full Name of Spouse*	Death	18 Sep.	1840								
	Moses Flood	Burial										
2	2	Birth	7 Nov.	1772			Virginia					
	Thomas	Mar.										
	Full Name of Spouse*	Death										
	Mary Agee	Burial	1		<u> </u>	·						
M	3	Birth					Virginia					
	John	Mar.										
	Full Name of Spouse*	Death										
	Sarah Garrott	Burial	!									
1	4	Birth	ca	177	6		Virginia	To Frankli				
	Jacob	Mar.		401				Co., Va.				
	Full Name of Spouse*	Death		181	9			ļ				
	Jane Brantley or Bentle				J							
	5 De77 : - (Yearth -)	Birth	 	177	4		Virgin					
	Pollie (Martha) Full Name of Spouse*	Mar.	 				Virginia					
	\	Death	+		 		Missouri	 				
	Henry Salle	Buria	· · · ·	100			Vi rei ni :					
	Sallie	Birth		. 177				To Kanawah				
F	Full Name of Spouse*	Mar.	9 1119	• 1816 • 186	1			Co., Va				
	John Franklin	Death		100	 			 				
	7	Buria		1779	s 			(1) Phoebe				
	James	Birth Mar.	6 May					Ford				
	Full Name of Spouse*			184				Ford				
	Sally Lawson	Death Buria		1011	1			 				
	8	Birth			 			To Kentuc				
1	Noah	Mar.	 		1			10 Kentuc				
	Full Name of Spouse*	Death	1		1			1				
1	\	Buria						 				
	9	Birth			1			To Prince				
	Joseph P.	Mar.	 		1			Edward Co				
	Full Name of Spouse*	Death			1							
	Polly Agee	Buria						1				
	10	Birth										
	Ann	Mar.										
	John Duncan	Death										
	· www.	Buria	111		j.			i				

Bundren were the children of Isaac and Elizabeth Brian Sallé and Thomas and Rhoda Agee Bondurant, respectively. These four individuals were grand-children of Huguenot emigrants, so that portion of their ancestry will be disposed of briefly because genealogies are available for most lines.

Three photocopies of articles from The Huguenot follow which tell about the progenitors of Elizabeth Brian(d). The first describes

Vol. VII, p. 180 BRYANT (Briand)

(Data copied from chart contributed by Mr. R. C. Bryant, Washington, D. C.)

The earliest ancestor of the name Brian, Briand or Bryant, was Englebert I, Seigneur de Brienne, a Frenchman, who died in 990. A part of his family moved into England at an early date.

In the fourteenth century, one Guy de Bryan distinguished himself in both military and naval exploits in the reigns of Edward III and Richard II. In 1361 he was made Admiral of the King's fleet and elected fifty-seventh Knight of the Garter.

Sir Francis Brian was Governor-General of Ireland, and in 1549 Lord Chief Justice.

Stephen Briand, ex-noble Ministre to La Milliere near Versailles 1678 to 1685, refuged in Holland and was present at the Walloon Synode at Rotterdam in 1686. Stephen Briand was the son of Jacques Briand and the grandson of Isaac Briand and wife Marie Benoist. Stephen Briand's son Isaac settled in Broxton,



England, Cheshire County, with other Huguenots. Isaac Briand's son, Jacques Briand, settled in Virginia, James City County, and Jacques's two sons, Jacques, Jr., and Charles Briand, settled with the Huguenots in Powbatan County, Virginia.

About 1740 these Briands anglicised the name to Bryant.

The most renowned of the French family are, Jean de Brienne 3d son of . Erard 2d King of Jerusalem, Gauthier de Brienne, Duke of Athens despot of Florence, and Lemenie de Brienne, Cardinal and Minister.

(French data taken from History, Protestation of France; Haag; and d'Hozier; also Millinet.)

Vol. VI, p 141 LE FEVRE-BRYANT

James Bryant Jr., son of James and Elizabeth LeFevre Bryant, was iron 1720 and lived and died in Va. He married first, Jane Guerrant; and second, Jane Forsee, both wives being Huguenots. Four children by

each marriage, as follows: 1, John Bryant, soldier of the Revolution; 2, William G. Bryant; 3, Jane Bryant; 4. Sarah Bryant; 5, James Bryant; 6, Stephen Bryant; 7, Silas Bryant; 8, Mary Bryant.

John Bryant, son of James and Jane Guerrant Bryant, emigrated to Kentucky in 1783 and married Mary Owsley (aunt of Gov. Owsley of Ky.) He was appointed Civil Engineer and surveyor by the Governor, and reared a large family. He was born in Cumberland Co., Va. Jan. 1, 1760, and died July 4, 1833. He was among the few early settlers of Ky. who had slaves. He served 15 months as a private and sergeant under Capts. Hughes and Porter, and Colonels Nelson, Randolph and Goode as a volunteer in the Virginia troops. He was engaged in the Battle of Guilford Court House. He applied for pension Aug. 20, 1832, at which time he was a resident of Garrard County, Ky. and 72 years of age. The pension was granted Aug. 22, 1832. He was a resident of Powhattan Co., Va. at the time of his first enlistment in May 1780. In his declaration for a pension, he mentioned that his second enlistment was a substitute for one James Bryant, and though the relationship is not stated, it was likely his father.

John Bryant married, in Lincoln Co., Ky., May 25, 1786, Mary Owsley. who died May 26, 1848. She applied for and received a pension after his death. At time of her death she had 15 children, 94 grandchildren, 108 great grand-children and 3 great-great-grand-children. Children: 1, James G. Bryant born March 3, 1787, died Feb. 13, 1840; 2, John Bryant born March 29, 1788, died Nov. 18, 1788; 3, George Smith Bryant born April 18, 1789, died Aug. 5, 1850; 4, Abner Bryant born Jan. 13, 179!. died July 18, 1820; 5, Elizabeth Bryant born Oct. 8, 1792, died Oct. 8. 1792; 6, Mary Bryant born Sept. 24, 1793, died June 9, 1814; 7, Edmurd L. Bryant born March 4, 1795, died Sept. 28, 1865; 8, Thomas Owsley Bryant born April 30, 1796, died Jan. 27, 1845; 9, Jonathan O. Bryant born Jan. 15, 1798, died Sept. 25, 1879; 10, Jane Bryant born June 29. 1800, died Oct. 18, 1866: 11, Patience Bryant born Feb. 9, 1802, died Oct. 30, 1881; 12, John Bryant, second by the same name, born July 19. 1804, died Sept. 23, 1805; 13, Sallie Bryant, bern Sept. 7, 1806, died April 24, 1878; 14, Daniel Bryant born June 30, 1809, died Sept. 26, 1871; 15, William O. Bryant Sept. 17, 1811, died May 23, 1851.

Bryant is an English name of very early origin and was first introduced by the Britons, who joined in the Norman Conquest, as a Christian name, a favorite in Brittany. Later, it became a common surname in both England and Brittany, being spelled in the latter as Briand. Brian de Brampton is in the Hundred Rolls of County Gloucester, A.D. 1273. Wydo Bryan in those of County Devon, and William Bryan is in "Kirby's Quest," Somersetshire, 1327.

The Bryant ancestors emigrated from England to Maryland as e. If as 1700. Since the first member of the family perorded in America, it is Bryant Sr., married two women of Huguenot ancestry, it is believed in he first came to Manakintown. Va. -a Huguenot settlement in Henric County, soon after the Huguenots arrived about 1609. Breakley; "The tionary of English and Welsh Survenes" Family data.)

her European background. Note the variation in the spelling of the name. Note also that there were four successive Jacques (or James) Bryants. Jacques Briand, No, 68, was designated Junior in the first article while his son, James Bryan, No. 34, is called Senior in the second article. Elizabeth's five sisters all married and their married surnames were:

Judith Street, Frances Forsee, Martha Lesueur, Ann Stinson, and Mary Christian. The second wife of James, Junior, was Mrs Anthony Trabue. The third article is a brief biography of Elizabeth's maternal grand-father, Isaac Lefevre, No. 70. His wife was Magdelaine Paranteau.

The Huguenot LEFEVRE Vo!. 1

Isaac LeFevre came on the ship "Peter and Anthony" (Galley of London) to Manakin, Virginia, in the summer of 1699. In 1700, he and his wife are named in the List of Meal at Falling Creek Mill, "Ye Refugees to receive one bushel per head of meal monthly as settled in and about King Williamtowne." From tax records we gather that Isaac LeFevre was born in France in 1667, and died in Virginia after 1724. No will or administration of estate has been found, as all records of James City County were destroyed by fire in 1861. The Register of the Church of the French Refugees gives the name of his wife as Magdelaine. She was no doubt of French Huguenot blood, though no record of her parentage has been found as yet. The census of King William Parish of 1714 proves that they had one son and three daughters. The name of the son was Abram, and daughters, Magdelaine, Elizabeth and Judith. The Register of the Church of the French Refugees in 1724 records the death, on Sunday, of Magdelaine, daughter of Isaac LeFevre, and Magdelaine, his wife.

The name of Abram's wife was Catherine. Elizabeth married Jaques Brian, and Judith married Pierre Dupuy, sen of Count Barthelemei Dupuy, 1722. Isaac LeFevre was elected instructor of Philosophy and Mathematics in William and Hary College, and served one year. After some difficulty with the Governor and faculty in regard to studies, he resigned. That M. LeFevre was held in considerable esteem in the Colony is shown from the fact that he was called upon to verify some records and maps of surveying of Surveyors to the Royal Governor. In 1724 he seems to have been a resident of Jamestown near the capital of Williamsburg. The reference to the Royal Governor summoning M. LeFevre to pass upon the work of the surveyors shows that he resided near the capital. His only son, Abram LeFevre, resided in Augusta and Washington counties, Virginia. In September, 1785, Abram LeFevre and Catherine, his wife, deeded land to John Jameson, Washington County, Virginia. Deed Book 1, p. 444. In 1785, Abram LeFevre appears on the Tax List of Washington County, Virginia, as cwning considerable land.

July 14, 1783, Abram LeFevre gave Power of Attorney to Abram LeFevre, Jr., the former of Augusta County, Virginia. Deed Book 1, p. 235.

Arms: Az. 3 crosletts or. Crest: A stag's head proper.

In addition to her father's Bondurant line, Martha was descended from three Huguenot emigrants: Mathieu Age, Mary Ann Chastain Faure, and Isaac Gaudovin. The will of her great-grandfather, Dr. Jean Pierre Bondurant, is included in this chapter because it establishes several of the complicated relationships in this pedigree. Omitted was Pierre's bequest to his daughter, Ann. Observe, James Ford, supposedly her husband, and John Bondurant, Martha's grandfather, were two of the witnesses. Following the will will be two <u>Huguenot</u> articles about the Agee's. Then there will be a family group sheet for Pierre Faure and another <u>Huguenot</u> article about his parents. Judith, the second wife of Pierre, seems to have been a daughter of Isaac Gaudovin not Joseph Bingili as claimed by some writers. A letter from Louis Agee dated 29 May, 1973, will be quoted to support the line shown here.